#### ORIENTAL COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

## Sem VII, Pharmaceutical Chemistry II/III ( CBCGS/CBSGS ) Question Bank

1) The following anticancer agent is called busulfan.

## What is the drug's mode of action?

- a) Metallating agent
- b) Intercalator
- c) Chain terminator
- d) Alkylating agent

2) The following structure is used in the treatment of brain tumours.

What is the structure called?

- a) Carmustine
- b) Lomustine
- c) Streptozotocin
- d) Cyclophosphamide
- 3) Once activated, the proton pump inhibitors bind to exposed amino acids in the proton pump. Which amino acid is involved?
- a) serine
- b) cysteine
- c) lysine
- d) histidine
- 4) Which of the following drugs inhibit herpes viruses?
- a) Amantadine
- b) Acyclovir
- c) Oseltamivir
- d) Azidothymidine
- 5) Identify the following structure and its mechanism.

- a) Zanamivir, Neuraminidase inhibitor
- b) Oseltamivir, Neuraminidase inhibitor
- c) Ritonavir, Protease inhibitor
- d) Zidovudine, NRTI

## 6) Which of the following diuretics is metabolised into the active substance canrenone?

- a) Amiloride
- b) Spironolactone
- c) Epelerenone
- d) Furosemide

## 7) Identify the following drug:

- a) Acetazolamide
- b) Acetohexamide
- c) Amlodipine
- d) Anakinra

# 8) Calcium channel blockers can be divided into three class based on their chemical structure. Which of the following is not a class of calcium channel blockers?

- a) Nitrates
- b) Penylalkylamines
- c) Dihydropyridines
- d) Benzothiazepines

#### 9) Which receptor does the cardiac glycoside digoxin bind to?

- a) ATP-dependent K<sup>+</sup> channel
- b) Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup> antiporter
- c) ATP-dependent Ca<sup>2+</sup> channel
- d) Na<sup>+</sup>/Ca<sup>2+</sup> antiporter

#### 10) Identify the following drug:

- a) Cisplatin
- b) Oxaliplatin
- c) Abatecept
- d) Pralidoxime

## 11) For synthesis of which drug we need to use o-nitro benzaldehyde

- a) Amlodipine
- b) Nifedipine
- c) Nicardipine
- d) Piperine

## 12) An electron withdrawing group should be present at 7 position of thiazide diuretics.

- a) True
- b) False

## 13) Example of a rationally developed drug is:

- a) Lafutidine
- b) Ranitidine
- c) Cimetidine
- d) Famotidine

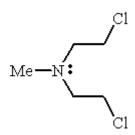
## 14) Identify the following structure:

a) Isoamyl nitrite

- b) Amyl nitrite
- c) Pentaerythritol
- d) Isosorbide dinitrite

## 15) Diuretic which results in severe hypokalemia is

- a) Trimterene
- b) Chlorthiazide
- c) Spironolactone
- d) Mannitol
- 16) The following agent is used for the treatment of Hodgkin's lymphoma as part of a multi-drug regime. What is the name of the compound?



- a) Mechlorethamine
- b) Cyclophosphamide
- c) Melphalan
- d) Chlorambucil
- 17) Following drugs act as an arterials vasodilators

except one

- (a) Hydralazine (b) Minoxidil
- (c) Diazoxide (d) Sodium nitroprusside
- 18) The synthesis of following drug is;

Cl Cl 
$$O$$
-CH<sub>2</sub>COOH + propionyl chloride  $AlCl_3 \rightarrow X$ 

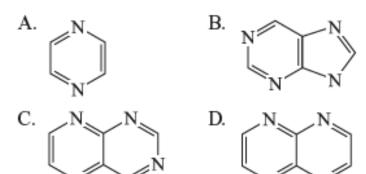
- (a) X = ethacrynic acid
- (b) X = meclofenamic acid
- (c) Both
- (d) None
- 19) The active metabolite of anticancer cyclophosphamide is
- (a) N-hydroxy cyclophosphamide
- (b) N-methyl cyclophosphamide
- (c) N-acetyl cyclophosphamide
- (d) N-propyl cyclopqosphide
- 20) Sulphonamide group is present at thiazide diuretic at position
- (a) 3 (b) 6
- (c) 7 (d) 9
- 21) The following structures show some of the important molecules leading to the discovery of burimamide (B).

What strategy was used in developing burimamide from SK&F 91581?

- a) extension
- b) chain extension
- c) substituent variation
- d) isosteric replacement

22) Two regions of cimetidine are susceptible to metabolism. Which regions?

- a) A and B
- b) A and C
- c) B and D
- d) A and D
- 23) What is the IUPAC name of ethacrynic acid?
- (a) [2,3-dichloro-4-(2-methylenebutyryl)phenoxy] acetic acid
- (b) [2,3-dichloro-4-(2-methylenebutyryl)phenoxy] propionic acid
- (c) [2-chloro-4-(2-methylenebutyryl)phenoxy] acetic acid
- (d) [2,3-dichloro-4-(2-ethylenebutyryl)phenoxy] acetic acid
- 24) Acetazolamide is synthesized via which of the following intermediate?
- (a) 1-amino-2-mercapto-1,3-thiazole
- (b) 5-amino-2-mercapto-1,3,4-thiadiazole
- (c) 1-amino-2-mercapto-1,3-thiazole
- (d) 5-amino-2-mercapto-1,3,4-tetrazole
- 25) Basic ring system in triamterene is



26) Cyclophosphamide is commonly used in anticancer therapy.

Which of the following statements is not true of the above structure?

- a) It is relatively non-toxic.
- b) It acts as a prodrug.
- c) It cannot be taken orally.
- d) The structure is metabolised to release acrolein.
- 27) Which of the following statements is true regarding the following structure (nevirapine)?

- a) It is a nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor (NRTI).
- b) It binds to an allosteric binding site next to the substrate binding site of reverse transcriptase.
- c) It is an achiral molecule.
- d) It is an example of a second-generation drug of its class.
- 28) Which H2 antagonist has a multimodal action
- a) Ranitidine
- b) Lafutidine
- c) Cimetidine

- d) Nizatidine
- 29) Furan ring is present in
- a) Ranitidine
- b) Lafutidine
- c) Cimetidine
- d) Nizatidine
- 30) Histamine has \_\_\_\_\_\_ affinity for receptor subtypes
- a) More
- b) equal
- c) less
- d) none
- 31) Enzyme on which imatinib acts is
- a) Histone Deacetylase
- b) DHFR
- c) Tyrosine kinase
- d) Thymidylate synthase
- 32) The following structure is used in the treatment of breast, liver and skin cancers.

What is the target for the above structure?

- a) DHFR
- b) Thymidylate synthase
- c) Tyrosine kinase
- d) Histone deacetylase
- 33) Identify following drug

- a) Amantadine
- b) Rimantadine
- c) Nifedipine
- d) Amlodipine
- 34) Structure given below is of antiviral drug. Which viral infection does it treat?

- a) HIV
- b) HSV
- c) H1N1
- d) COVID-19
- 35) Thymidine, Trityl chloride and methyl sulfonyl chloride are starting materials for synthesis of
- a) Chlorambucil
- b) Cyclophosphamide
- c) Zidovudine
- d) Acetohexamide
- 36) Lopinavir is combined with
- a) Ritonavir
- b) Saquinavir
- c) Indinavir
- d) AMprenavir
- 37) H2 antagonists containing thiazole ring is
- a) Nizatidine and Famotidine
- b) Cimetidine
- c) Ranitidine
- d) Lafutidine
- 38) Target of PPI's is
- a) Na+/K+ ATPase
- b) Na+/H+ ATPase
- c) H+/K+ Atpase
- d) Histidine decarboxylase
- 39) Metabolism of following drug is primarily

- a) Aromatic oxidation
- b) N-dealkylation
- c) CH3 oxidation
- d) Glucuronidation

- 40) Furfuryl alcohol, Dimethylamine and Formaldehyde are starting materials for synthesis of
- a) Ethacrynic acid
- b) Furosemide
- c) Ranitidine
- d) Acetazolamide
- 41) PPI's contain
- a) Benzimidazole ring
- b) Benzopyrrole ring
- c) Benzopyridine ring
- d) Benzpyrazole ring

42)

Above reaction is brought about by enzyme:

- a) Carbonic anhydrase
- b) Decarboxylase
- c) ATPase
- d) Kinase

43)

$$NH_4^+$$
 S— $CN$  +  $H_2N$ — $NH_2$  —  $H_2N$ — $H_2N$ — $NH_2$  ommanium hydrazine hydrazine-1,2-bis-rhodanide (thiacarbaxamide)

Above reaction is first step in synthesis of:

- a) Acetohexamide
- b) Acetazolamide
- c) Ethacrynic acid
- d) Chlorthiazide
- 44) Hydrochlorthiazide is
- a) Unsaturated analog of chlorthiazide
- b) Saturated analog of chlorthiazide
- c) Oxidized analog of chlorthiazide
- d) Same as Chlorthiazide
- 45) Following drug acts on:

a) PCT b) DCT c) Lop of Henle d) CT 46) Furosemide is a) Phenoxy acetic derivative b) anthranilic acid derivative c) Propionic acid derivative d) Acetic acid derivative 47) Aldosterone antagonist acting as diuretic is a) Spironolactone b) Triamterene c) AMiloride d) Acetazolamide 48) IUPAC name 6-chloro-1,1-dioxo-2*H*-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine-7-sulfonamide is of: a) Hydrochlorthiazide b) Chlorthiazide c) Flumethiazide d) Benzthiazide 49) Vincristine and Vinblastine inhibits cell cycle at: a) G1 Phase b) G2 phase c) S Phase d) M Phase

(d) Does not contain any phenoxy group.