Clinical Pharmacy Sem VIII

Question bank

1. Ave	erage time period for phase II clinical trials study is				
a.	a. Upto 4 year				
b.	o. Upto few month				
c.	Upto Two year				
d.	Upto several year				
Ans- (
2. Bio	availability seen after drug administered by direct intravenous route is				
a.	0%				
b.	Depends on half life of drug				
c.	100%				
d.	Is unpredictable				
Ans- (
3	preparations are avoided during pregnancy.				
a.	Vitamin E				
b.	Vitamin A				
c.	Folic acid				
d.	Zinc				
Ans- I	3				
4. Oto	toxicity is a unique side effect of group of diuretics.				
a.	Loop				
b.	Thiazide				
c.	Potassium sparing				
d.	Osmotic				
Ans- E	3				

5.		antihypertensivetherapy should be avoided in type-1 diabetes mellitus
	a.	ACE inhibitors
	b.	High dose diuretics
		Centrally acting
		calcium channel blockers
An	s-A	
6.		is an example of Category X drugs
	a.	Diclofenac
	b.	Ranitidine
	c.	Lorazepam
	d.	Paracetamol
An	ıs- C	
7.		has positive evidence of human fetal risk, but the benefits from use in pregnant
		n may be acceptable despite of risk.
	a.	Category A
		Category B
		Category C
		Category D
An	ıs- C	
8.		is contraindicated during pregnancy due to its Teratogenicity.
	a.	Folic acid
	b.	Calcium
	c.	Retinol
	d.	Iron
An	s- C	
9.		commonly reported ADR of diuretic class of drugs.
	a.	Hypokalemia
	b.	Alopecia
	c.	Skin disorder
	d.	Rhinitis

Ans- C
10. Young's Rule is applicable for calculating dose of children's
a) Upto 1 yearb) Upto 1 to 2 yearc) Upto 1 to 5 yeard) Upto 1 to 12 years
Ans- D
11. Which of the following responsibility of the clinical pharmacist is in direct patient care area?
a) Supervision of drug administration techniques.b) Providing drug information to physicians and nurses.c) Identify drugs brought into the hospital by patients.d) Reviewing of each patient's drug administration forms periodically to ensure all doses have been administered.
Ans- D
12 is the organization to manage the procurement, storage, preservation, packaging, sterilization, compounding, preparation, dispensing or distribution of medicine.
a) Clinical Pharmacy.b) Hospital Pharmacy.c) Community Pharmacy.d) Ambulatory Pharmacy
Ans- B
13. Which of the following is verbal communication skill for effective patient counselling?
a) Language.b) Proximity.c) Facial expression.d) Eye contact
Ans- A
14. The most specific & sensitive method for assessment of compliance can be used to detect potent therapeutic agent in body fluids is

a) Drug analysis.b) Interrogation.c) Urine marker.

	d) Residual Tablet counting.
Ans- A	
15. Which	one of these is a genetically determined adverse drug reactions? a) Addication. b) Teratogenecity. c) Carcinogenicity. d) Idiosyncracy
	Ans- B
16	is an example of Pharmacokinetic drug interaction.
	a) Gastric motility changes.
	b) Alteration of electrolyte levels.
	c) Drugs having antagonist's effects.
	d) Interactions at receptor site
Ans- A	
17	causes pharmacodynamic drug interaction.
	a) Gastric motility changes.
	b) Stimulation of metabolism.
	c) Alteration of pH of GIT.
	d)Interactions at receptor site.
Ans- D	
18. Organo	genesis occurs duringstage.
	a) Pre-embryonic.
	b) Embryonic.
	c) Pre-Fetal.
	d) Fetal.
Ans- B	
20. Which	of the following drug does not require therapeutic drug monitoring?
	a) Digitoxin.
	b) Gentamycin.
	c) Phenytoin.

Ans- D
21. The studies are to determine a pharmacological profile, safe dose and assess potential toxicity of the product on laboratory animal is known as
a) Observation study.b) Clinical study.c) Preclinical study.d) Statistical study.
Ans- C
22 is an example of latent adverse drug reactions.
 a) Antibiotic-associated diarrhea b) Tardive dyskinesia c) Serum sickness d) Severe bronchoconstriction
Ans- B
 23. Mechanism by which adrenaline can prolong the duration of local anesthesia a) Decreased permeability of the vascular endothelium b) Precipitation of lidocaine c) Changing the pH of the solution d) Local Vasoconstriction
Ans- D
24. Side effects of Valproic acid is
a) Rhinitisb) Thrombocytopeniac) Hypothyroidismd) Confusion
Ans- B
25 side effect is seen during the treatment with Levodopa
 a) Dyskinesias b) Bone marrow depression c) Thombocytopenia d) Impotence

d) Paracetamol

Alls- A		A
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26. is not required in TDM

- a) Dosing regimen
- b) Preclinical research data
- c) Time of the sample
- d) Indication for therapy

Ans- B

- 27. The written details for conduct trails to ensure quality control of trail is known as
 - a) GCP.
 - b) SOP.
 - c) IEC.
 - d) ADR.

Ans- B

- 28. Science of collecting, monitoring, researching, assessing and evaluating information from healthcare providers and patients on the adverse effects of medications is known as
 - a) Pharmacovigilance.
 - b) Clinical Trails.
 - c) Observational study.
 - d) Qualitative study

Ans- A

- 29. OECD stands for
 - a) Outcome economy committee development.
 - b) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development.
 - c) Out entry contact dossier.
 - d) Organization for Evasive Co-operation and Development.

Ans-B

- 30. Total cost associated with a programme where both costs and consequences are measured in monetary terms is called as
 - a) Cost-effectiveness analysis.
 - b) Cost-benefit analysis.
 - c) Cost-utility analysis.
 - d) Discounting.

Ans- B

31	drug is avoided in children's under 4 years with diarrhea.
a)	bisacodyl
· ·	loperamide
c)	Bismuth subsalicylate
d)	Ciprofloxacin
Ans- D	
32	is the common and dose related side effect of salbutamol.
a) Decrease in blood pressure
b) Muscle tremor
C) Central nervous system stimulation
) Hyperglycaemia
Ans- C	
	sorption of Griseofulvin increases withdiet.
	Carbohydrate
	Fatty
	protein
a)	vitamin
Ans- B	
34 W	hich of the following is Type B ADRS?
	Hypoglycaemia caused by Insulin
	Dryness of mouth caused by Atropine
c)	Anaemia in patient with G6PD deficiency caused by Primaquine
d)	Hyperglycaemia caused by thiazide diuretics
Ans- C	
35. Pha	armacovigilance is done for monitoring of
a)	Drug price
b)	Unethical practises
c)	Drug safety
d)	Pharmacy students

a)b)c)	CP are seen in all of the following except Phase I trial Phase II trial Preclinical trials				
d)	Phase IV trial				
Ans- C					
37. WI	nen tetracycline is given with antacids the absorption of tetracycline				
a)	Increases				
b)	Decreases				
c)	Minimally altered				
d)	Not altered at all				
Ans- E	3				
a)b)c)d)	 38 Gary baby syndrome occur in new born with a) Tetracycline b) Chloramphenicol c) Penicillin d) Erythromycin 				
Ans- E	3				
a)b)c)	tient counselling helps to Know chemical structure of drug Develop business relations with pharmacist Motivate the patient to take medicine for improvement of his/her health status. Pass time at old age				
40. Idi	osyncrasy is				
a)	Type A ADRs				
b)	Type B ADRs				
c)	Type C ADRs				
d)	Type D ADRs				
Ans- E	}				

a)	Idiosyncrasy				
b)	Anaphylaxis				
c)	Teratogenic effect				
d)	Placebo effect				
Ans- I					
40. 337					
	hat does IRB Stand for?				
a)	Investigational Review Board				
b)	International Review Board				
c)	Institutional Review Board				
d)	Inter institute review board				
Ans- C					
43. WI	hich is person responsible for the conduct of the clinical trial at a trial site?				
a)	Clinical Research Coordinator				
b)	Monitor				
c)	Investigator				
d)	Sponsor				
Ans-	-				
	he purpose of preclinical testing is:				
	verify that a drug is sufficiently safe and effective to be tested in humans.				
b. To ı	undergo preliminary testing in healthy humans to monitor the effects of the drug.				
c. To c	create a basic outline for the larger scale future tests on a widespread population.				
d. To o	develop method of drug analysis				
Ans- A	\mathbf{A}				
45	of clinical trial involves first time human trial in a small number of				
patient	ts.				
a	Phase I				
b	Phase II				
c	Phase III				
d	Phase IV				
Ans- A	\mathbf{A}				

41. Which of the following terms does not describe an Adverse Drug Reaction?

46. Which of the following antihypertensive agents should be avoided in the elderly patients?
A. AmlodipineB. AtenololC. BenazeprilD. Methyldopa
Ans- D
47. How many people will be selected for phase II trial? a) The whole market will be under surveillance b) 500-3000 people c) 100-300 people d) 20-50 people
Ans- C
 48. According to the principles of ICH GCP, what is the most important consideration when conducting a clinical trial? A. data accuracy B. protection of trial subjects C. Process adherence D. Statistical quality checks
Ans- B
 49. How are prescription medicines different from OTC ones? A. They contain much smaller amounts of active ingredients B. They don't contain dyes or preservatives C. They're unsafe for use without medical supervision D. They can be toxic
Ans- C
50. An epidemic that becomes unusually widespread and even global in its reach is referred to as a A. pandemic B. hyper endemic C. Spanish flu
D. Zoonotic Ans- A